1		The Honorable Marsha J. Pechmar	
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8	UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT		
9	WESTERN DISTRICT OF WASHINGTON		
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11	JULIE DALESSIO, an individual,	No. 2:17-cv-00642-MJP	
12	Plaintiff,		
13	V.	OBJECTION TO NEW EVIDENCE IN DEFENDANTS' REPLY TO SECOND	
14	UNIVERSITY OF WASHINGTON, a Washington Public Corporation; Eliza	MOTION FOR SUMMARY JUDGMENT	
15	Saunders, Director of the Office of Public Records, in her personal and official	Note on Motion Calendar November 19, 2019	
16	capacity; Alison Swenson, Compliance Analyst, in her personal capacity; Perry		
17	Tapper, Public Records Compliance Officer, in his personal capacity; Andrew		
18	Palmer, Compliance Analyst, in his personal capacity; John or Jane Does 1-12,		
19	in his or her personal capacity,		
20	Defendants.		
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23	"[T]he purpose of an objection is to provide the district court an opportunity to correct any		
24	substantive errors before they are appealed." US v. Wiley, 509 F. 3d 474, 479 (8th Cir. 2007).		
25	1. Plaintiff objects to Defendants' new evidence in the Reply to the Second Motion		
26	for Summary Judgment – Dkt. 164-1.		
27	Plaintiff Julie Dalessio objects to Defendants' new evidence in its Reply to the Second		
28	Objection Case 2:17-cv-00642	Law Office of Joseph Thomas 14625 SE 176 th St., Apt. N101 Renton, Washington Phone (206)390-8848	

Motion for Summary Judgment where it was produced for the first time in Dkt. 164-1.

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"It is well established that new arguments and evidence presented for the first time in Reply are waived." Docusign, Inc. v. Sertifi, Inc., 468 F. Supp. 2d 1305, 1307 (W.D. Wash. 2006) (citing United States v. Patterson, 230 F.3d 1168, 1172 (9th Cir.2000)); Sophanthavong v. Palmateer, 365 F.3d 726, 737 (9th Cir.2004) (noting the "obvious" prejudice wrought by allowing litigants to raise arguments for the first time in reply: doing so deprives opposing counsel of "the opportunity to point to the record to show that the new theory lacks legal or factual support"); Bazuaye v. INS, 79 F.3d 118, 120 (9th Cir.1996) ("Issues raised for the first time in the reply brief are waived."); FT Travel—New York, LLC v. Your Travel Center Inc., 112 F. Supp. 3d 1063, 1079 (C.D. Cal. 2015); Montana Fair Hous., Inc. v. City of Bozeman, 854 F. Supp. 2d 832, 846 (D. Mont. 2012) ("Because Bozeman has not had an opportunity to respond [to] this specific argument, raised for the first time on reply, the Court declines to address it here."); Dietrich v. Trek Bicycle Corp., 297 F.Supp.2d 1122, 1128 (W.D. Wis.2003) ("Defendant raised this argument for the first time in its reply brief. Because this argument should have been raised earlier or not at all, I will not consider it"); Public Citizen Health Research Group v. National Institutes of Health, 209 F.Supp.2d 37, 44 (D.D.C.2002) ("The Court highly disfavors parties creating new arguments at the reply stage that were not fully briefed during the litigation.... By placing a new argument in the Reply, Plaintiff does not permit Defendant or Intervenor-Defendant to competently respond to such an argument"); Grupo Gigante S.A. de C.V. v. Dallo & Co., Inc., 119 F.Supp.2d 1083, 1103 n. 15 (C.D.Cal.2000) ("Although the defendants raised a laches defense in their opposition to the plaintiffs' motion for summary judgment, the first time they raised a statute of limitations defense was in their reply brief. The Court need not, and does not, consider arguments raised for the first time in a reply brief").

Here Defendants produced evidence for the first time the Reply to the Second Motion for Summary Judgment for the purpose that Defendants Swenson and Palmer acted in the scope of their job duties. Defendants first made arguments about the scope of Defendants' job duties in the Motion for Leave to file an Amended Answer. *See* Dkt. 97. In the Motion for Leave to file an Amended Answer, Defendants argued the defenses of discretionary immunity and good faith

1	immunity needed to be added to an Amended Answer. Discretionary immunity by definition is a
2	defense based upon the official's job function and if that job function included discretionary
3	decisions. Good faith immunity applies when an official is acting in good faith within the scope
4	of their job. Defendants have been making arguments about the scope of their jobs for eight
5	months. There is no reason why this evidence could not be produced before.
6	If this Court considers Defendants new evidence, then Plaintiff will be prejudiced and
7	deprived of the "opportunity to point to the record to show that the new" evidence "lacks legal or
8	factual support" because of Defendants impermissible ambush. Sophanthavong v. Palmateer,
9	365 F.3d 726, 737 (9th Cir.2004).
10	This new evidence is not appropriately before the Court and as a matter of well-
11	established law Defendants have waived this evidence
12	
13	Respectfully submitted this 25 day of April 2019.
14	Law Office of Joseph Thomas
15	/s/ Joseph Thomas
16	Joseph Thomas, WSBA 49532
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19	Certificate of Service
20	I hereby certify that on 25 of April 2019, I filed the foregoing with the Clerk of the Court
21	through the CM/ECF system which will automatically send electronic mail notification of such
22	filing to the CM/ECF registered participants as identified on the Electronic Email Notice List. /s/ Joseph Thomas
23	Joseph Thomas, WSBA 49532
24	14625 SE 176 th St., Apt. N101 Renton, WA 98058
25	(206) 390-8848
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27	
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